

CLEAN COPY OF SPECIFICATION, PARAGRAPH, PAGE 1, LINES 13-23:

Communication wires are required to connect various communication appliances, such as computer, modem, telephone or facsimile machine. To avoid too long or too many communication wires that may end up tangled up in knots, the inventor had developed a variety of wire rewinding boxes that are applicable to various communication appliances, and had filed applications for patents, such as Taiwan Patent Application numbers 86209323, 86209324, 88203935, 88206805, 88206807; and U.S. Patent numbers 6,199,674; 6,056,591; 6,257,382; 6,254,025; and 6,315,231. Of which, most of the wire rewinding boxes consist of a casing, a windlass, a coil spring and a communication wire, the coil spring being fixed to the windlass to provide resilient energy to rewind and reset the communication wire winding on the windlass.

CLEAN COPY OF SPECIFICATION, PARAGRAPH, PAGE 1, LINE 24 TO
PAGE 2, LINE 5:

When the communication wire is pulled out of a conventional rewinding box, it may become tense because it is subjected to the powerful pulling force of the coil spring, resulting in failure of maintaining a specified length outside the box. It could cause big trouble to the user. Therefore, the inventor has invented a variety of innovated wire rewinding boxes which are capable of pulling out the communication wire and fastening it in place, for which the inventor has filed applications, including Taiwan Application

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number 88206807; as well as U.S. Patents #6,199,674 and 6,056,591, involving the use of a swing plate that swings flexibly, and dents on the rim of the windlass to enabling rewinding and positioning functions.

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